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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/558,997	12/01/2005	Wolfgang Mueller	03/14 TITK	8205
7590 07/13/2007 Klaus Schweitzer ProPat			EXAMINER	
			NWAONICHA, CHUKWUMA O	CHUKWUMA O
425 C South Sharon Amity Road Charlotte, NC 28211			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1621	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/13/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/558,997	MUELLER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chukwuma O. Nwaonicha	1621				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address				
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL	VIC SET TO EVDIDE 2 MOI	NTU(S) OD THIDTY (30) DAVS				
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statul Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA .136(a). In no event, however, may a repl d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH te, cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. y be timely filed IS from the mailing date of this communication. IDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	• •					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 L	December 2005.					
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closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.	,					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement					
ordinates and subject to restriction and	or orosion roquiroment.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac	-					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
,—		•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	n priority under 25 U.S.C. & 1	19(a) (d) or (f)				
<ul><li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig</li><li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li></ul>	in priority under 35 0.5.C. § 1	19(a)-(u) or (i).				
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received.	•				
2. Certified copies of the priority documer		olication No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri	ority documents have been re	eceived in this National Stage				
application from the International Burea	•					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	st of the certified copies not re	eceived.				
Attachment(s)	<b>—</b>					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Info 6) Other:	ormal Patent Application				

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#### DETAILED ACTION

#### Current Status

Claims 1-8 are pending in the application.

### **Priority**

Applicants' claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(e) is acknowledged.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 6 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Matsumoto et al., {JP 0128452, See Abstract}.

Matsumoto et al. disclose applicants claimed poly-DOPO with unsaturated compounds. Applicants have claimed a product by way of a product by process claim. The Examiner did not give any patentable weight to the process step. See poly-DOPO with unsaturated compounds in the abstract, and MPEP 2113.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having

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ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Matsumoto et al., {JP 01284521}.

Applicants claim a process for producing organic compounds containing poly-DOPO in the presence of acetylenically unsaturated compounds; wherein all the variables are as defined in the claims.

## Determination of the scope and content of the prior art (M.P.E.P. §2141.01)

Matsumoto et al. teach a polyesters are manufactured without lowering mech. strength by copolymerizing 1-10 mol% (based on total acid components) ester-forming functional group-containing unsaturated compounds to polyesters at ≤260° to intrinsic viscosity 0.25-0.48, then polycondensing with 0.7-1.0:1 (equivalent ratio, based on unsaturated bonds of the copolymerized unsaturated compounds) PHR<sub>1</sub>R<sub>2</sub>(O)<sub>n</sub> (R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> = C<sub>1-20</sub> alkyl, C<sub>6-20</sub> aryl, C<sub>1-20</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>6-20</sub> aryloxy; R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub> may be bonded to form a ring; n = 0, 1) at ≤270° to intrinsic viscosity ≥0.5. Thus, a slurry of (1.6:1, mol ratio) ethylene glycol (I) and terephthalic acid was added to bis(β-hydroxyethyl) terephthalate and its oligomers and heated at 255°, then treated with (1:0.8, mol. ratio) maleic anhydride (II)-

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I mixture (II content is 2.5 mol% of total acid components) at 260° in the presence of GeO<sub>2</sub> to give a polyester with intrinsic viscosity 0.45, which was treated with 2.0 mol% (based on total acid components) 9,10-dihydro-9-oxa-10-phosphophenanthrene-10-oxide at 260° and 0.3 torr to give a fire-resistant polyester with intrinsic viscosity 0.65 and m.p. 250° showing good strength. See abstract.

# Ascertainment of the difference between the prior art and the claims (M.P.E.P.. §2141.02)

Matsumoto et al. process for producing organic compounds containing poly-DOPO in the presence of acetylenically unsaturated compounds differ from the instantly claimed process in that applicants' process specifically employ acetylenically unsaturated compounds while Matsumoto et al. teach unsaturated compounds.

Another difference between applicants claimed invention and that of Matsumoto et al. is that applicant claim a process wherein the mole ratio of DOPO per triple bond is 1.5 to 3 and the reaction conducted in 1,4-dioxane while Matsumoto et al. are silent about the mole ratio of DOPO per triple and conducting in 1,4-dioxane.

# <u>Finding of prima facie obviousness--rational and motivation (M.P.E.P.. §2142-</u>2143)

The instantly claimed process for producing organic compounds containing poly-DOPO in the presence of acetylenically unsaturated compounds would have been suggested to one of ordinary skill because one of ordinary skill wishing to obtain poly-DOPO in the presence of unsaturated compounds is taught to employ the processes of Matsumoto et al. Art Unit: 1621

One of ordinary skill in the art would have a reasonable expectation of success in practicing the instant invention by employing a solvent and varying the catalysts, the unsaturated compounds, and the mole ratio of DOPO per triple bond from the teachings of Matsumoto et al. to arrive at the instantly claimed process for preparing poly-DOPO. Said person would have been motivated to practice the teaching of the reference cited because it demonstrates that poly-DOPO is useful in industrial applications. Therefore, the instantly claimed invention would therefore have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

#### No Claim is allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chukwuma O. Nwaonicha whose telephone number is 571-272-2908. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday, 8:30am to 5:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yvonne (Bonnie) Eyler can be reached on 571-272-0871. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

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you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Chukwuma O. Nwaonicha, Ph.D. Patent Examiner Art Unit: 1621



ELVIS Q. PRICE, PH.D. PRIMARY EXAMINER

Yvonne (Bonnie) Eyler Supervisory Patent Examiner, Technology Center 1600